| River View Primary School |  |  |
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| Mathematics | Year 6 | Summer |
| What will I know by the end of the unit? | Technical Vocabulary |  |
|  | regular shapes | shapes which have all equal sides and angles |
| Shape | irregular shapes | shapes which do not have all equal sides and angles |
| Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes. Illustrate and name parts of a circle, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets. Find unknown angles in any triangles, regular quadrilaterals and regular polygons. Recognise angles where they meet at a point; are on a straight line or are vertically opposite and find missing angles. | two-dimensional shape | flat figures with two-dimensions, such as length and width |
|  | three-dimensional shape | solids with three-dimensions, such as length, width and height |
|  | net | a term used to describe what a 3D shape would like if it was opened out and laid flat |
|  | angle | the number of degrees rotated around a point |
|  | acute | describes an angle between 0 and 90 degrees |
|  | obtuse | describes an angle between 90 and 180 degrees |
|  | reflex | describes an angle between 180 and 360 degrees |
| Position and Direction | circumference | the distance around a circle |
| Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane and reflect them in the axes. | diameter | a straight line passing through the centre of a circle to touch both sides of the circumference |
|  | radius | half the length of the diameter |
|  | translation | when a shape is moved from one place to another by sliding it |
|  | reflection | a shape flipped over in a mirror line resulting in a mirror image |

